



## SEVERE HYPERTENSION DATA FORM

Goal: Increase the percentage of pregnant and postpartum patients treated for persistent severe hypertension (SHTN) (≥160 systolic OR ≥110 diastolic) within 60 minutes.

**Instructions:** Document the following information for any persistent SHTN (≥160 systolic OR ≥110 diastolic) occurring during pregnancy or up to 6 weeks postpartum, including patients in triage, ED, OBED, Antepartum, L&D, Postpartum. OB unit includes OBED, Antepartum, L&D and Postpartum Units.

NOTE: Select N/A for pregnant patients who haven't delivered or postpartum patients whose delivery occurred in a previous admission.

						STUDY ID:					
<b>Discharge</b> Mor	nth Year   c	loliday □ Yes □ No	Age	GA at event wks <u>OR</u> # days PP at event			GA at delivery w	⁄ks □ I	N/A		
Ethnicity ☐ Non-Hispanic ☐ Unkno			ed to answer	☐ English ☐ Medic		caid/Med plans	☐ Vaginal		Dx at Discharge (check all that apply) ☐ Chronic HTN		)
Race (check ☐ Asian ☐ Black ☐ Unknow ☐ White ☐ Pt. dec			ed to answer	☐ Spanish ☐ H.Creole ☐ Other ☐ Unknown	☐ Private ☐ Self-pay ☐ Other ☐ Unknown		□ Scheduled C/S □ Emerg. C/S for FHR-Cat 3 □ Emerg. C/S other reason □ N/A		☐ Gestational HTN ☐ Preeclampsia ☐ Superimposed Preeclampsia ☐ Eclampsia ☐ HELLP		ia
	MEDICA	L MANA	AGEMENT			Adverse Mate	rnal Outcome (ch	ock all that a	nnly):		
Measure				t. location (mark e AP=antepartum PP=		Adverse Maternal Outcome (check all that apply):  ☐ OB hemorrhage with transfusion of ≥ 4 units of blood products ☐ Intracranial hemorrhage or ischemic event ☐ Placental abruption					tion
BP reached ≥160 or diastolic ≥110				ED OBED T AP		☐ Pulmonary edema ☐ ICU admission ☐ Other _					
Confirmatory BP ≥160 or diastolic ≥110			EMS	MS ED OBED T AP L&D PP		☐ Oliguria ☐ DIC ☐ Ventilation☐ Renal failure ☐ Liver failure ☐ None					
First BP ≥160 or diastolic ≥110 in <u>OB-unit</u>				OBED T AP	L&D PP	☐ Renal failure ☐ Liver failure ☐ None					
First BP med given			EMS ED OBED T AP L&D PP			Adverse Neonatal Outcome:  □ NICU/SCN admission □ IUFD □ Other □ None					
BP reached <160 and diastolic BP <110			EMS ED OBED T AP L&D PP								
			·		Given Did the primary physician and RN debrief this case to						
□ Labetalol			S□ No□			improvement in identification and time to treatment for HTN? ☐ Yes ☐ No					
☐ Hydralazine		Yes				If an SMM case, was an interdisciplinary case review conducted? $\ \square$ `					] No
☐ Nifedipine		Yes									
Other antihypertensive		Yes					<u>DISCH</u>	<u>ARGE MAN</u>	<u>IAGEMENT</u>		
☐ Magnesium Sulfate Bolus		Yes								Yes	No
☐ Magnesium Sulfate <b>Maintenance</b>			es 🗆 No 🗆			Were verbal & written PP warning signs given?					
Reason medication not given					Was pt. verbally briefed on her persistent SHTN before discharge?						
☐ Clinical Judgement ☐ BP not confirmed			☐ Patient declined☐ Patient left AMA			Was the patient discharged on meds?					
☐ BP normalized prior to starting meds			☐ Other			Were meds provided prior to discharge?					
☐ Immediate delivery planned			☐ Not documented/unknown			Did the patient have a BP cuff to take home prior to discharge?					
Did hypotension (systolic <90 and or diastolic <50) occur within antihypertensive medication? ☐ YES ☐ NO				one hour of giving		Was a PP Discharge Assessment (vital signs and response) conducted just prior to discharge?					
→ Was there corresponding deterioration in FHR? □ YES □ NO □ N/A  → Were interventions for hypotension administered? □ YES □ NO  → Was a cesarean performed due to hypotension? □ YES □ NO □ N/A  → Was a cesarean performed due to hypotension? □ YES □ NO □ N/A  Scheduled? (check all that apply) □ >21 days □ Pt. instructed/no									☐ 8-14 days ☐ 15-2	21 days	d