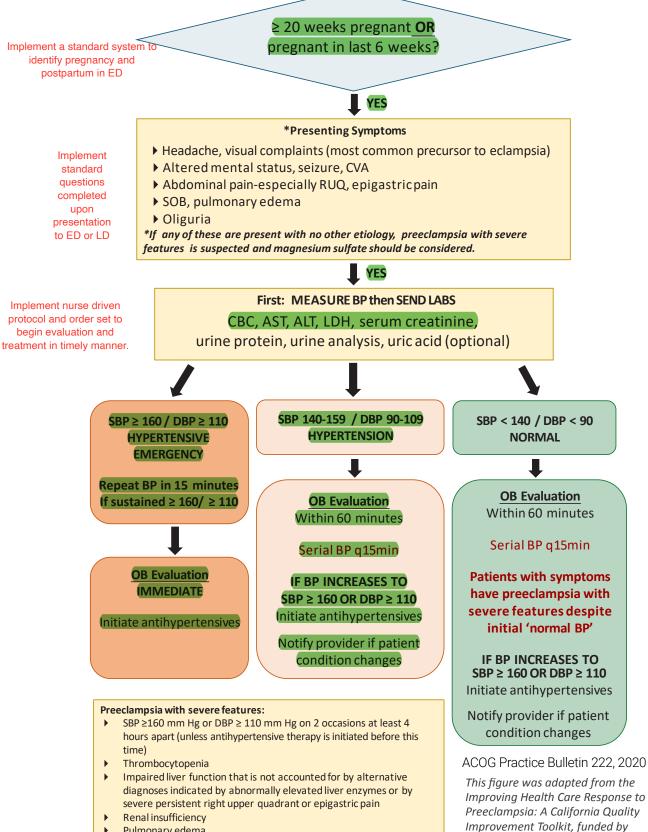
# **Appendix E: Acute Treatment Algorithm**

Part 1: Diagnostic Algorithm



- Pulmonary edema
- New-onset headache unresponsive to medication and not accounted for by alternative diagnoses
- Visual disturbances

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the California Department of Public

Health, 2014; supported by Title V

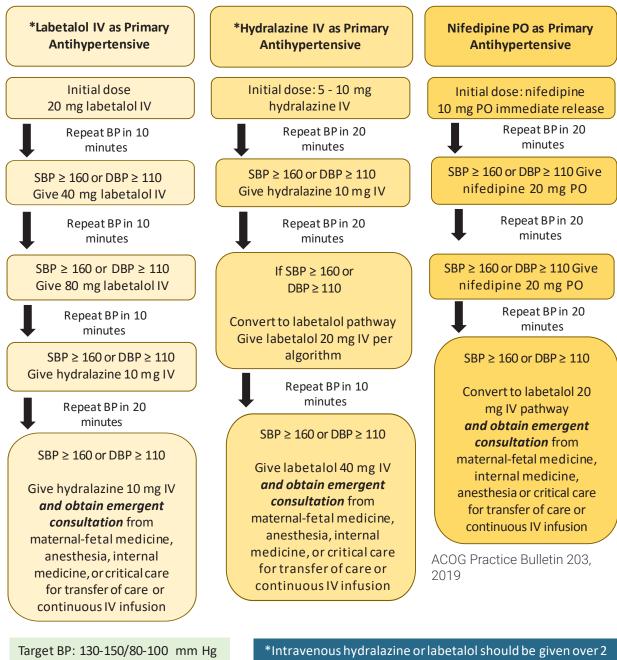
funds.

## Part 2: Antihypertensive Treatment Algorithm for Hypertensive Emergencies

Work with pharmacy to develop order sets for treatment and ensure ready access to medications

### Treatment Recommendations for Sustained Systolic BP ≥ 160 mm Hg or Diastolic BP ≥ 110 mm Hg

\*Antihypertensive treatment and magnesium sulfate should be administered simultaneously. If concurrent administration is not possible, antihypertensive treatment should be 1st priority.



Once BP threshold is achieved:

- ▶ Q10 min for 1 hr
- Q15 min for 1 hr
- ▶ Q30 min for 1 hr
- Q1hr for 4 hrs

\*Intravenous hydralazine or labetalol should be given over 2 minutes. In the presence of sinus bradycardia or a history of asthma, hydralazine or nifedipine are preferred as initial agents. If maternal HR > 110, labetalol is preferred.

This figure was adapted from the Improving Health Care Response to Preeclampsia: A California Quality Improvement Toolkit, funded by the California Department of Public Health, 2014; supported by Title V funds.

## Part 3: Magnesium Dosing and Treatment Algorithm for Refractory Seizures

Educate ED and LD Providers on proper magnesium dosing and monitoring

### **Magnesium: Initial Treatment**

Loading Dose: 4-6 gm over 20-30 minutes (6 gm for BMI > 35)
Maintenance Dose: 1-2 gm per hour
Close observation for signs of toxicity

Disappearance of deep tendon reflexes

- Decreased RR, shallow respirations, shortness of breath
- Heart block, chest pain
- Pulmonary edema

4. Calcium gluconate or calcium chloride should be readily available for treatment of toxicity

#### For recurrent seizures while on magnesium

1. Secure airway and maintain oxygenation

2. Give 2nd loading dose of 2-4 gm Magnesium over 5 minutes

3. If patient still seizing 20 minutes after 2nd magnesium bolus, consider one of the following:

- Midazolam 1-2 mg IV; may repeat in 5-10 min OR
- Diazepam 5-10 mg IV slowly; may repeat q15 min to max of 30 mg OR
- Phenytoin 1,250 mg IV at a rate of 50 mg/min
- Other medications have been used with the assistance of anesthesia providers such as:
  - Sodium thiopental
  - Sodium amobarbital
  - Propofol
- 4. Notify anesthesia
- 5. Notify neurology and consider head imaging

#### **Seizures Resolve**

- 1. Maintain airway and oxygenation
- 2. Monitor vital signs, cardiac rhythm/EKG for signs of medication toxicity
- 3. Consider brain imaging for:
  - Head trauma
  - Focal seizure
  - Focal neurologic findings
  - Other suspected neurologic diagnosis
- 4. Reassure patient with information, support
- 5. Debrief with team before shift end