UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA FEMALE PELVIC MEDICINE AND RECONSTRUCTIVE SURGERY

SCOPE OF PRACTICE

DIRECTOR OF PROGRAM CATHERINE LYNCH, MD

This document pertains to fellow rotations at Tampa General Hospital. This program is part of the fellowship training program in Female Pelvic Medicine & Reconstructive Surgery at the University of South Florida. All Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education and Joint Commission guidelines pertaining to graduate medical education apply to this rotation.

In keeping with all Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education and Joint Commission guidelines, the faculty and program director are responsible for providing fellows with direct experience in progressive responsibility for patient management. All patient care at TGH provided by fellows will be provided under direct or indirect faculty supervision. Supervision must be documented in the medical record in accordance with Obstetrics and Gynecology at the University of South Florida compliance guidelines.

Activities performed with indirect supervision with direct supervision available require access to the supervisory physician for communication and physical access within 30 minutes. Activities performed with direct supervision require presence of the supervisory physician. Fellows are authorized to perform any activity assigned while under direct supervision. Final interpretation of all diagnostic and therapeutic studies requires direct supervision. Fellows at each postgraduate year of training, while not limited to the following activities, are specifically allowed to do these with indirect supervision with direct supervision available. This document may be modified by the program director based on additions to the training program.

The program follows the ACGME classification of supervision as noted below. The supervising physician can refer to a faculty, fellow, or resident that who has been given supervisory privilege. These supervisory levels are used throughout the Scope of Practice document.

- Direct Supervision: The supervising physician is physically present with the resident and patient.
- Indirect Supervision
 - With Direct Supervision Immediately Available The supervising physician is physically
 within the hospital or other site of patient care and is immediately available to provide
 direct supervision.
 - With Direct Supervision Available The supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital or other site of patient care but is immediately available by means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities and is available to provide direct supervision.
- Oversight: The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback after care is delivered.

Activities performed with direct supervision require presence of the supervisory physician. Fellows are authorized to perform any activity assigned while under direct supervision. Final interpretation of all diagnostic and therapeutic studies requires direct supervision. Fellows at each postgraduate year of training, while not limited to the following activities, are specifically allowed to do these with indirect supervision with direct supervision available. This document may be modified by the program director based on addition to the training. Fellows will notify attending with escalation of care occurs such as need

for transfer to ICU, stat consult for cardiac care/consultation, or unstable condition for need to transfer patient to operating room

PGY 5 - 7

With Direct Supervision Immediately Available or Available

Fellows Shall:

- 1) Do pertinent history and physical examination & develop diagnostic and therapeutic plans for:
 - a. Ambulatory
 - b. Preoperative and hospitalized patients on the FPMRS service
- 2) Provide ongoing care for ambulatory patients with pelvic floor disorder
- 3) Learn proper techniques for performing
 - a. Urodynamics
 - b. Bladder installations
 - c. Bladder catheterizations
- 4) Recognize and provide proper management for postoperative emergencies
- 5) Provide consults to physicians in other specialties, regarding pelvic floor disorders in their patients
- 6) Develop a plan for a research project

PGY 5 - 7

With Direct Supervision or Direct Supervision for the Critical Portions of the Procedure

Fellows Shall:

- 1) Surgical procedures
 - a. Laparoscopic port placement
 - b. Robotic surgery docking and instrument placement
 - c. Placement of sacral neuromodulator leads and pulse generators
 - d. Operative Cystoscopy
 - i. Bladder biopsy
 - ii. Stent placement
 - iii. Retrograde pyelogram
 - iv. Intradetrusor chemodenervation
 - e. Surgical entry into the abdominal cavity via open or endoscopic technique
 - f. Basic gynecologic procedures
 - i. Hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy open and endoscopic
 - ii. Tubal ligations
 - g. Simple transvaginal procedures
 - i. Suburethral sling
 - ii. Anterior/posterior repair, Perineorraphy
 - h. Urogynecologic procedures
 - i. Vaginal repair of pelvic organ prolapse
 - 1. Anterior and posterior colporrhaphy
 - 2. Apical suspensions
 - ii. Laparoscopic or abdominal repair of pelvic organ prolapse
 - iii. Surgery for stress urinary incontinence
 - 1. Urethral bulking

- 2. Placement of retropubic or transobturator midurethral sling
- 3. Pubovaginal sling
- i. Placement of suprapubic catheters, and wound drains
- j. Anal sphincteroplasty
- k. Vesicovaginal fistula repair
- l. Rectovaginal fistula repair
- m. Repair bladder and bowel lacerations
- n. Ureteric implantations
- o. Psoas hitch, Boari flaps
- 2) Procedural skills
 - a. Urodynamics
 - b. Cystoscopy
 - c. Anal Manometry
 - d. Ano/procto scopy
 - e. Pelvic Floor EMG
 - f. Remote programming of implantable pulse generators for sacral neuromodulation
- 3) Interpretation of Pelvic floor imaging studies
 - a. Static and Dynamic MRI
 - b. Pelvic floor ultrasound
 - c. Defacography studies
 - d. CT Urogram

Signature:

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Cotherine Lynch

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Director of Program