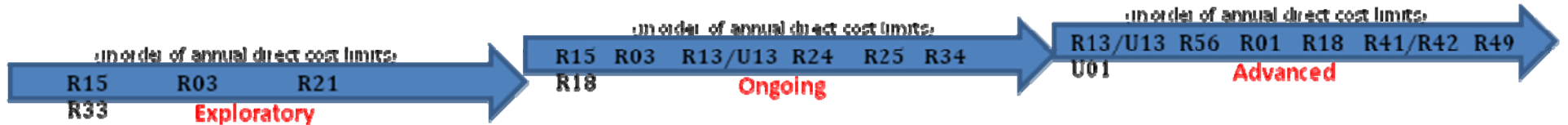


NIH INDIVIDUAL RESEARCH SUPPORT MECHANISMS BY RESEARCH STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT

STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT



- R15*** Academic Research Enhancement Award (AREA) (up to \$35K annually). Support for small research projects in the biomedical and behavioral sciences conducted by faculty and students in health professional schools, and other academic components that have not been major recipients of NIH research grant funds. The three goals of the AREA program are to 1) support meritorious research, 2) strengthen the research environment of the institution, and 3) expose students to research.
- R03*** Small Research Grant Program (up to \$50K annually). Support for small research projects that can be carried out in a short period of time with limited resources. The common characteristic of the small grant is the provision of limited funding for a short period of time for projects of limited scope that use widely accepted approaches and methods.
- R21*** Exploratory/Developmental Research Grant Program (up to \$100K annually). Intended to encourage new, exploratory and developmental research projects by providing support for the early stages of their development. Applications submitted under this mechanism should be exploratory and novel. These studies should break new ground or extend previous discoveries toward new directions or applications.
- R33** Exploratory/Developmental Grants Phase II (amount varies). Provides a second phase for the support for innovative exploratory and development research activities initiated under the R21 mechanism. Although only R21 awardees are generally eligible to apply for R33 support, specific program initiatives may establish eligibility criteria under which applications could be accepted from applicants demonstrating progress equivalent to the expected under R33.
- R13/U13*** Support for Conferences and Scientific Meetings (amount varies). Support for high quality conferences scientific meetings that are relevant to the scientific mission of the NIH and to the public health. A conference scientific meeting is defined as a gathering, symposium, seminar, scientific meeting, workshop or any other organized, formal meeting where persons assemble to coordinate, exchange, and disseminate information or to explore or clarify a defined subject, problem, or area of knowledge.
- R24** Resource-Related Research Projects (up to \$150K annually). Support for research projects that will enhance the capability of resources to serve biomedical research.
- R25** Education Projects (up to \$250K annually). Support to develop and/or implement a program as it relates to a category in one or more of the areas of education, information, training, technical assistance, coordination, or evaluation.
- R34** Clinical Trial Planning Grant (up to \$250K annually). Provides support for the initial development of a clinical trial, including the establishment of the research team, the development of tools for data management and oversight of the research, the development of a trial design and other essential elements of the study, such as the protocol, recruitment strategies, and procedure manuals, and to collect feasibility data.
- R18** Research Demonstration and Dissemination Projects (up to \$500K annually). Provide support designated to develop, test, and evaluate health service activities, and to foster the application of existing knowledge for the control of categorical diseases.
- R56** High Priority, Short Term Project Award (amount varies). Provides limited interim research support based on the merit of a pending R01 application while applicant gathers additional data to revise a new or competing renewal application. Funds, for one or two years, high-priority new or competing renewal R01 applications with priority scores or percentiles that fall just outside the funding limits of participating NIH Institutes and Centers (IC). Investigators may not apply for R56 grants. Nominees for the award must be in the most meritorious half of the priority or percentile range.
- R01*** Research Project Grant Program (up to \$500K annually for up to 5 years). Considered to be the NIH's foremost investigator-initiated grant award for individual researchers. Well suited for definitive studies, often part of a long-term research program, and in the investigator's specific field of interest. Research project grants are awarded to institutions on behalf of a Principal Investigator to facilitate pursuit of a scientific focus or objective in the area of the investigator's interest and competence.
- R41/R42*** Small Business Technology Transfer Grant Applications (up to \$100K for up to 1 yr - up to \$750K for up to 2 additional yrs). Intended to stimulate a partnership of ideas and technologies between innovative small business concerns and research institutions through Federally-funded research or research and development.
- R49** Injury Control Research and Demonstration Projects and Injury Prevention Research Centers (\$4.5M) over 5 years (direct & indirect costs). Provides financial assistance to non-profit and for-profit organizations to conduct research and demonstration projects as well as training programs to develop a comprehensive and integrated approach to injury control. Projects will integrate aspects of the disciplines of engineering, public health, behavioral sciences, medicine, and other in order to prevent and control injuries.
- U01** Research Project Cooperative Agreement (up to \$3M) over 5 years. Supports discrete, specified, circumscribed projects to be performed by investigator(s) in an area representing their specific interests and competencies. Used when substantial programmatic involvement is anticipated between the awarding Institute and Center.

Parent Announcements
(for Unsolicited or Investigator-Initiated Applications)

Research Supplements to Promote Diversity in Health-Related Research – awardees may be eligible to submit a request for an administrative supplement to the awarding component of the parent grant.